FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Duanesburg Central School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Duanesburg Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Duanesburg Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Opinions

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Duanesburg Central School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Duanesburg Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Duanesburg Central

School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue and auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the basic financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Duanesburg Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Duanesburg Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant auditing findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability, the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability, and District contributions on pages M1-M9 and 48-52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to

our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Duanesburg Central School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information comprises the additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the New York State Education Department. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2022 on our consideration of the Duanesburg Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Duanesburg Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raymond G. Preusser, CPA, P.C.

Claverack, New York September 23, 2022

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

INTRODUCTION

The Duanesburg Central School District offers readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please review it in conjunction with the District's financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ Net position increased from (\$5,279,197) to (\$5,279,197), an increase of \$914,839 in the districtwide financial statements.
- As of the close of this fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12,065,335, an increase of \$1,642,923 in comparison with the prior year.
- The District appropriated \$925,826 of the fund balance for subsequent year's expenditures. The Board of Education and District Administrators recognize the probability of difficult budget cycles for the next few years. We continue to be conservative in our expenditures and planning while preserving an excellent academic program for our students. Our planning includes understanding and balancing taxpayer burden and the responsible use of our Reserve Funds. This ensures the District's long term financial viability and ability to respond to emergencies.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis narrative (required supplemental information) is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. District-wide Financial Statements
- 2. Fund Financial Statements
- 3. Notes to the Financial Statements

In addition to these statements, this report also includes required supplemental information and other supplemental information.

Our auditor has provided assurance in the independent auditor's report that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. A different degree of assurance is being provided by the auditor regarding the supplemental information identified below. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each part in the financial statements.

Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information (Part A)
Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

Basic Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information (Part B)

General Fund Budget to Actual Schedule

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability

District Contributions

Other Supplemental Information

General Fund Budget & Fund Balance Information

Capital Project Funds Schedule of Project Expenditures

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets

DISTRICTWIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. certain federal/state grants earned but not yet received, unused vacation/sick leave, and proceeds from Revenue Anticipation Notes and related interest).

All of the District's services are reported in the districtwide financial statements as <u>governmental</u> <u>activities</u>, including general support, instruction, pupil transportation, community services, and school lunch. Property taxes, state/federal aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported here.

DISTRICTWIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Duanesburg Central School District's Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

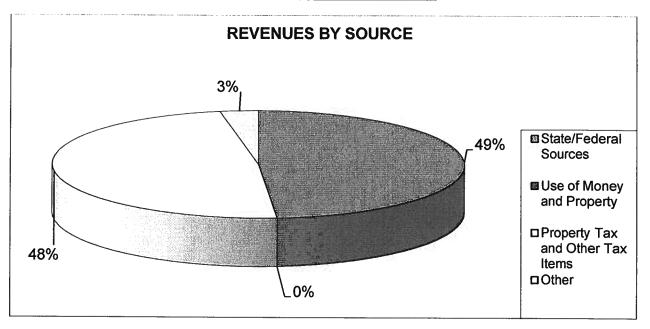
		Governmental Activities						
	2022	2021	Variance Increase (Decrease)					
Current Assets	\$13,225,527	\$11,534,922	\$ 1,690,605					
Capital Assets	28,924,053	29,467,995	(543,942)					
Net Pension Asset	5,393,853		5,393,853					
Total Assets	47,543,433	41,002,917	6,540,516					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,891,604	13,044,350	(2,152,746)					
Total Assets and Outflows of Resources	58,435,037	54,047,267	4,387,770					
Current Liabilities	1,201,804	1,159,569	42,235					
Long-Term Obligations	12,178,012	13,272,297	(1,094,285)					
Total OPEB Obligation	33,014,772	40,237,145	(7,222,373)					
Net Pension Liability		844,095	(844,095)					
Total Liabilities	46,394,588	55,513,106	(9,118,518)					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,404,807	3,813,358	12,591,449					
Total Liabilities and Inflows of Resources	62,799,395	59,326,464	3,472,931					
Net Position:								
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	16,895,365	16,226,294	669,071					
Restricted	9,228,928	6,725,563	2,503,365					
Unrestricted (deficit)	(30,488,651)	(28,231,054)	(2,257,597)					
Total Net Position	\$ (4,364,358)	\$ (5,279,197)	\$ 914,839					

Duanesburg Central School District's Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

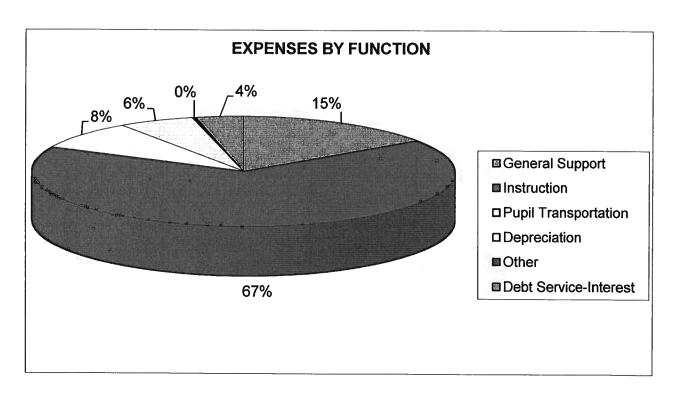
	Govern Acti			
	2022	2021	Variance Increase (Decrease)	
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 207,626	\$ 21,835	\$ 185,791	
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,771,009	652,936	1,118,073	
Total Program Revenues	\$ 1,978,635	\$ 674,771	\$ 1,303,864	
0 10				
General Revenues:				
Real Property Taxes	\$7,585,953	\$ 7,384,164	\$ 201,789	
Other Tax Items	811,702	853,163	(41,461)	
Use of Money and Property	3,297	3,669	(372)	
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	127,163	18,977	108,186	
Miscellaneous	392,871	77,474	315,397	
State Sources	8,372,348	8,317,024	55,324	
Federal Sources	44,636	141,123	(96,487)	
Total General Revenues	17,337,970	16,795,594	542,376	
Expenses:				
Instruction	11,025,265	12,988,937	(1,963,672)	
Support Services:			() , , , ,	
General Support	2,530,542	2,627,718	(97,176)	
Pupil Transportation	1,379,269	1,531,180	(151,911)	
Debt Service-Interest	594,719	637,191	(42,472)	
Depreciation	949,645	1,187,699	(238,054)	
School Lunch	(56,309)	74,066	(130,375)	
Total Expenses	16,423,131	19,046,791	(2,623,660)	
Change in Net Position	\$ 914,839	\$ (2,251,197)	\$ 3,166,036	

The following charts provide the percentage breakdowns of all revenues by source and all expenses by function for the entire District.

District-wide Revenues by Source For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



District-wide Expenses by Function For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts, and is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants). All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories; governmental funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Sovernmental funds: All of the District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the districtwide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the districtwide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (DISTRICT'S FUNDS)

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet) reported a combined Fund Balance of \$12.1 million, which is above last year's total of \$10.4 million. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance 2021	Variance Increase (Decrease)		
General	\$ 9,813,979	\$ 9,877,058	\$ (63,079)		
School Lunch	87,406	1,097	86,309		
Special Aid	201,388	-	201,388		
Capital	1,418,276	4	1,418,272		
Debt Service	544,286	544,253	33		
Totals	\$ 12,065,335	\$ 10,422,412	\$ 1,642,923		

General Fund

The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the general fund.

Revenues:	 2022	 2021	Variance Increase (Decrease)			
Taxes and Other Tax Items	\$ 8,397,655	\$ 8,237,327	\$	160,328		
Use of Money and Property	3,264	3,640		(376)		
State/Federal Sources	8,343,311	8,447,587		(104,276)		
Other	601,312	117,839		483,473		
Totals	\$ 17,345,542	\$ 16,806,393	\$	539,149		

Expenses:	2022	2021	Variance Increase (Decrease)			
General Support	\$ 2,023,342	\$ 1,828,059	\$ 195,283			
Instruction	7,901,582	7,250,831	650,751			
Pupil Transportation	928,649	865,138	63,511			
Employee Benefits	3,187,514	3,037,769	149,745			
Debt Service	1,921,867	1,902,442	19,425			
Other	1,445,667	85,145	1,360,522			
Totals	\$ 17,408,621	\$ 14,969,384	\$ 2,439,237			

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with New York State law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The difference between the general fund's original budget and the final amended budget was \$1,661,228. This amount represents the carryover encumbrances from 2020/21 of \$261,228 and appropriated fund balance for Capital Project of \$1,400,000.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Asset Description	Amount						
Land	\$ 9,000						
Construction in Progress	599,607						
Buildings and Improvements	26,911,004						
Machinery and Equipment	443,105						
Vehicles	961,337						
Total	\$28,924,053						

The total decrease in the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$543,942. The most significant decreases to capital assets were attributable to the purchase of equipment and vehicles plus capital project costs less the depreciation expense.

DEBT

The District had total debt including serial bonds outstanding in the amount of \$12,141,880 as of June 30, 2022, a decrease over the previous year of \$1,099,821. The debt outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Debt Description	Outstanding Balance
Bonds	\$12,141,880

The District has refunding bonds outstanding, the proceeds of which are in escrow to fund other previously existing debt. The refunding was done to reduce future interest payments.

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 10% of the total full value of real property. At June 30, 2022 the District's general obligation debt was significantly lower than its total debt limit. The District has a bond rating of Aa3.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

Challenges facing the District are the state's economy and its effect on state aid funding levels and the enactment of the Property Tax Cap Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 which could result in revenue forecasts being restricted to increase with rising costs. Restrictions on tax increases could cause the District to scale down the educational program offerings or seek additional resources.

There is a continued concern for the future costs of retaining employees during staff shortages including salaries and employee benefits. This factor continues to be a major budgetary factor for all school districts. The recent rapid growth in the cost of health insurance combined with the costs of funding the Teachers' Retirement System and Employees' Retirement System are projected to have a significant budgetary impact in the future. While current forecasts assume a large increase of the rates, the market's volatility is a major factor of concern.

Inflated costs for supply and demand continued to be a concern moving into the next budget years. Finding balance for retaining staff and salaries are assumed to be one of the challenges that the district will be faced with for the next budget cycle. Recent market volatility is creating an unknown for future budgets while staying on path to provide existing services and growth.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

It is the intent of this report to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

Duanesburg Central School District 133 School Drive Delanson, New York 12053

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

ASSETS				
Unrestricted cash	\$	3,997,481		
Restricted cash	Ф	7,972,468		
State and federal aid receivable		966,572		
Due from other governments		277,983		
Inventories		-		
Capital assets, net		11,023		
Net pension asset- proportionate share		28,924,053		
Total Assets		5,393,853	ø	47 542 422
Total Hoods				47,543,433
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	\$	3,784,096		
OPEB-GASB 75		7,107,508		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			\$	10,891,604
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	120 022		
Accrued liabilities	Ф	128,832		
Payroll liabilities		68,163		
Due to other governments		355,182		
Due to fiduciary funds		13		
Due to feachers' retirement system		41		
		565,882		
Due to employees' retirement system Unearned revenue		54,548		
Onearned revenue		29,143		
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due and payable within one year				
Bonds payable		1,361,880		
Due and nevable of the survey				
Due and payable after one year				
Bonds payable		10,780,000		
Compensated absences payable		36,132		
Other postemployment benefits payable		33,014,772		
Total Liabilities			\$	46,394,588
DECEDED INELOWS OF DECOMPORA				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pensions				
		6,950,224		
OPEB-GASB 75		9,454,583		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			\$_	16,404,807
NET POSITION		•		•
Net Investment in Capital Assets		16,895,365		
Restricted		9,228,928		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(30,488,651)		
Tradel NIA Destates				
Total Net Position				(4,364,358)

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Expenses	Cl	Program harges for		enues Operating	F	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
		Expenses	Allocation		Services		Grants		1	Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS										
General support	\$	2,008,111	\$	522,431	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(2,530,542)
Instruction		9,106,506		3,498,337		191,848	-	1,387,730	•	(11,025,265)
Pupil transportation		952,843		450,620				24,194		(1,379,269)
Employee benefits		4,527,788		(4,527,788)		-		-		-
Debt service-interest		594,719		-		-		-		(594,719)
Depreciation and loss on disposal		949,645		-		-		-		(949,645)
School lunch program		262,154		56,400		15,778		359,085		56,309
Total Functions and Programs	_\$_	18,401,766		-	_\$_	207,626	_\$_	1,771,009		(16,423,131)
GENERAL REVENUES										
Real property taxes										7,585,953
Other tax items										811,702
Use of money and property										3,297
Sale of property and compensation for loss										127,163
Miscellaneous										392,871
State sources										8,372,348
Federal sources										44,636
Total General Revenues										17,337,970
Change in Net Position										914,839
Total Net Position - Beginning of year										(5,279,197)
Total Net Position - End of year									\$	(4,364,358)

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

ACCIPTEG	Total Governmental Funds			Assets,		Reclassifications and Eliminations		Statement of Net Position Totals	
ASSETS	•	2.005.401	•		•				
Unrestricted cash	\$	3,997,481	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,997,481	
Restricted cash		7,972,468		-		-		7,972,468	
Due from other funds		356,963		-		(356,963)		<u>-</u>	
Due from other governments		277,983		-		-		277,983	
State and federal aid receivable		966,572		-		-		966,572	
Inventories		11,023		-		-		11,023	
Capital assets, (net)		-		28,924,053		-		28,924,053	
Net pension asset- proportionate share		-		5,393,853				5,393,853	
Total Assets	\$	13,582,490	\$	34,317,906	\$	(356,963)	\$	47,543,433	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pensions	\$	_	\$	3,784,096	\$	_	\$	3,784,096	
OPEB-GASB 75		-		7,107,508		_		7,107,508	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	-	<u> </u>	10,891,604	\$		<u> </u>	10,891,604	
	<u> </u>		_		Ť			10,051,001	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	128,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	128,832	
Accrued liabilities		26,551		41,612		-		68,163	
Bonds payable		-		12,141,880		-		12,141,880	
Due to other funds		357,004		-		(357,004)		-	
Due to fiducairy funds		-		-		41		41	
Payroll liabilities		355,182				-		355,182	
Due to other governments		13		-		-		13	
Due to teachers' retirement system		565,882		-		-		565,882	
Due to employees' retirement system		54,548		-		-		54,548	
Other postemployment benefits payable		-		33,014,772		_		33,014,772	
Compensated absences		-		36,132		-		36,132	
Unearned revenues		29,143		-		-		29,143	
Total Liabilities	_\$_	1,517,155	_\$_	45,234,396	_\$_	(356,963)	_\$_	46,394,588	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pensions	\$	-	\$	6,950,224	\$	-	\$	6,950,224	
OPEB-GASB 75		-	_	9,454,583	_			9,454,583	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	16,404,807	\$,	\$	16,404,807	
FUND BALANCE\NET POSITION									
Total Fund Balance\Net Position	_\$_	12,065,335		(16,429,693)	_\$_			(4,364,358)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred									
Inflows of Resources, and									
Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	13,582,490	\$	45,209,510		(356,963)	\$	58,435,037	

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For Year Ended June 30, 2022

	G	Total Governmental Funds		Long-term Capital Revenue, Related Expenses Items		al Revenue, Related		Related Debt			evenue, Related I			tatement of Activities Totals
REVENUES	•	# 505 052	•		Φ.		•	•						
Real property taxes	\$	7,585,953	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,585,953					
Other tax items		811,702		-		-	-		811,702					
Charges for services		191,848		-		-	-		191,848					
Use of money and property		3,297		-		-	-		3,297					
Sale of property and		107 162							107.162					
compensation for loss Miscellaneous		127,163		-		-	-		127,163					
		393,370		-		-	-		393,370					
State sources		8,588,894		-		-	-		8,588,894					
Federal sources		1,599,099		-		-	-		1,599,099					
Sales - school lunch		15,279		-		-			15,279					
Total Revenues		19,316,605		-		-			19,316,605					
EXPENDITURES\EXPENSES														
General support		2,023,342		-		(15,231)	-		2,008,111					
Instruction		9,100,970		5,536		-	_		9,106,506					
Pupil transportation		952,843		· -		-	_		952,843					
Employee benefits		3,243,914		1,283,874		-	_		4,527,788					
Debt service-principal		1,321,701		-		-	(1,321,701)		_					
- interest		600,166		(5,447)		-	_		594,719					
Cost of sales		262,154				· -	-		262,154					
Depreciation and loss on disposal				-		949,645	-		949,645					
Capital outlay		390,472				(390,472)			<u> </u>					
Total Expenditures		17,895,562		1,283,963		543,942	(1,321,701)		18,401,766					
Excess (Deficiency)														
of Revenues Over Expenditures	•	1,421,043		(1,283,963)		(543,942)	1,321,701		914,839					
OTHER SOURCES AND USES														
Proceeds from debt		221,880		_		-	(221,880)		_					
Operating transfers in		1,448,288		(1,448,288)		-	-		_					
Operating transfers (out)		(1,448,288)		1,448,288		-	_							
Total Other Sources (Uses)		221,880		-			(221,880)		•					
Net Change for the Year	\$	1,642,923	\$	(1,283,963)	\$	(543,942)	\$ 1,099,821	\$	914,839					

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

		General		Special Aid		School Lunch	-	Debt Service	Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS											
Unrestricted cash	\$	2,639,909	\$	5,715	\$	13,866	\$	-	\$ 1,337,991	\$	3,997,481
Restricted cash		7,428,182		-		-		544,286	-		7,972,468
State and federal aid receivable		234,483		576,933		70,923		-	84,233		966,572
Due from other governments		277,983		-		-		-	-		277,983
Due from other funds		356,963		-		-		-	-		356,963
Inventories		-		-		11,023		-			11,023
Total Assets	\$	10,937,520	\$	582,648	\$	95,812	<u>\$</u>	544,286	\$ 1,422,224	\$	13,582,490
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	126,302	\$	2,530	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	128,832
Accrued liabilities	•	21,587	•	-,	•	4,964	•	-		•	26,551
Due to other funds		40		353,016				_	3,948		357,004
Due to other governments		_		-		13		-	-		13
Due to teachers' retirement system		565,882		-		-		-	-		565,882
Due to employees' retirement system		54,548		_		_		-	-		54,548
Payroll liabilities		355,182		_		_		-	-		355,182
Unearned revenues	_			25,714		3,429					29,143
Total Liabilities		1,123,541		381,260		8,406		<u> </u>	3,948		1,517,155
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable		_		_		11,023		_	-		11,023
Restricted		7,428,182		201,388				544,286	1,055,072		9,228,928
Assigned		1,641,797		-		76,383		_	363,204		2,081,384
Unassigned	_	744,000							-		744,000
Total Fund Balances		9,813,979		201,388		87,406		544,286	1,418,276		12,065,335
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	10,937,520	\$	582,648	\$	95,812	_\$_	544,286	\$ 1,422,224	\$	13,582,490

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$ 7,585,953	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,585,953
Other tax items	811,702	-	-	-	-	811,702
Charges for services	191,848	-	-	-	-	191,848
Use of money and property	3,264	-	-	33	-	3,297
Sale of property and						-,
compensation for loss	13,972	-	-	-	113,191	127,163
Miscellaneous	392,871	-	499	-		393,370
State sources	8,298,675	209,310	7,236	-	73,673	8,588,894
Federal sources	44,636	1,202,614	351,849	-	•	1,599,099
Sales	-		15,279			15,279
Total Revenues	17,342,921	1,411,924	374,863	33	186,864	19,316,605
EXPENDITURES						
General support	2,023,342					
Instruction		1 100 200	-	•	-	2,023,342
Pupil transportation	7,901,582	1,199,388	•	-	-	9,100,970
Employee benefits	928,649	24,194	-	-	-	952,843
Debt service	3,187,514	-	56,400	-	•	3,243,914
Principal	1,321,701	-	_	_	_	1,321,701
Interest	600,166	-	-	-	-	600,166
Cost of sales	•	_	262,154	_	_	262,154
Capital outlay					390,472	390,472
Total Expenditures	15,962,954	1,223,582	318,554		390,472	17,895,562
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	1,379,967	188,342	56,309	33	(203,608)	1,421,043
OTHER SOURCES AND USES						
Proceeds from debt						
	2 (2)		-	-	221,880	221,880
Operating transfers in	2,621	15,667	30,000	-	1,400,000	1,448,288
Operating transfers (out)	(1,445,667)	(2,621)	-			(1,448,288)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(1,443,046)	13,046	30,000		1,621,880	221,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
and Other Sources Over						
Expenditures and Other Uses	(63,079)	201,388	86,309	33	1,418,272	1,642,923
Fund Balance- Beginning of year	9,877,058		1,097	544,253	4	10,422,412
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 9,813,979	\$ 201,388	\$ 87,406		¢ 1.410.277	
- and Daniel Mile of Just	Ψ 2,013,279	Ψ 201,300	Φ 07,400	\$ 544,286	\$ 1,418,276	\$ 12,065,335

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS Cash Due from governmental funds	\$ 63,872	\$ 124,599 41	
Total Assets	\$ 63,872	\$ 124,640	
LIABILITIES Other liabilities	\$ -	\$ 654	
Total Liabilities	-	654	
NET POSITION Reserved for scholarships Individuals, Organizations and Other governments	\$ 63,872 	123,986	
Total Net Position	\$ 63,872	\$ 123,986	

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trusts	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS Contributions Interest Unclassified	\$ 10,500 6 	\$ - - 68,670		
Total Additions	10,506	68,670		
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and awards Other custodial activities	13,380	52,329		
Total Deductions	13,380	52,329		
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	(2,874)	16,341		
Net Position - Beginning of year	66,746	107,645		
Net Position - End of year	\$ 63,872	\$ 123,986		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Duanesburg Central School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Those principles are as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The Duanesburg Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 7 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement 39, Component Units. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity:

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Duanesburg Central School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are included in these financial statements. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in a custodial fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Joint Venture

The Duanesburg Central School District is one of 23 component school districts in the Capital District Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which their students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Duanesburg Central School District was billed \$1,861,245 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES Aid amounted to \$639,274. Financial statements for the BOCES Aid are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Districtwide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (Continued)</u>

1. <u>Districtwide Statements (Continued)</u>

State Aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds

- (1) General Fund This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- (2) Special Aid Fund These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (Continued)</u>

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

a. Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

- (3) School Lunch Fund Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch and breakfast programs.
- (4) **Debt Service Fund** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.
- (5) Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

b. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the districtwide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

- (1) Private Purpose Trust Funds These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.
- (2) Custodial Funds These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The districtwide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and districts. Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1 and become a lien on August 17. Taxes are collected during the period September 7 to November 1.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties of Albany and Schenectady. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes is transmitted to the Counties for enforcement and is paid by the Counties to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with the associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

H. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the districtwide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note IV for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

J. Receivables

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value that approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond yearend. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the districtwide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet using the consumption method. Under the consumption method, a current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventory and prepaids do not constitute available spendable resources.

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the districtwide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets (Continued)

In the districtwide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and any prepaid bond insurance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the districtwide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals. Donated assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets, except land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the districtwide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated		
	Th	reshold	Useful Life		
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000	15-50		
Furniture and Equipment	\$	5,000	5-15		
Vehicles	\$	5,000	8		

N. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vested method and an accrual for that liability is included in the Districtwide Financial Statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end. In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

O. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the districtwide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources.

Claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

P. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and the difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the districtwide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the Districtwide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the districtwide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

R. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when charges for service monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the District. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed, and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

S. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement.

Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

T. Short-Term Debt

The School District may issue Revenue and Tax Anticipation Notes in anticipation of receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The revenue anticipation and tax anticipation notes represent a liability that will be extinguished using expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The School District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These bonds are recorded as a current liability of the fund that will receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

U. Equity Classifications

1. <u>District</u>wide Statements

In the district wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Non-spendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$11,023.

Restricted – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

1. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

2. <u>Unemployment Insurance</u>

This reserve is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. <u>Fund Statements (Continued)</u>

3. Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

This reserve is used to set aside funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

4. <u>Capital</u>

This reserve is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in 3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

5. Employee Retirement Contributions

This reserve is used for future employee's retirement and teacher's retirement obligations. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

6. Insurance

This reserve is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased; life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). This reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

7. Property Loss

This reserve is used to accumulate funds to pay property loss claims incurred. The total amount accumulated in the reserve may not exceed 3% of the total annual budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

8. Workers' Compensation

This reserve is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. <u>Fund Statements (Continued)</u>

Restricted fund balance includes the following:

General Fund:

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	\$ 36,132
Unemployment Insurance	180,233
Employee Retirement Contributions	1,045,483
Teachers' Retirement Contributions	300,552
Capital	4,995,623
Insurance	733,000
Workers' Compensation	75,000
Property Loss	62,159
Special Aid Fund	201,388
Capital Fund	1,055,072
Debt Service Fund	 544,286
Total restricted funds	\$ 9,228,928

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision making, the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2022.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$715,971 and the assigned fund balance amounted to \$925,826.

Unassigned – Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

U. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Fund Statements (Continued)

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a School District can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

V. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2022, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 87, Leases, effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

W. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, effective dates vary based on specific paragraphs of the statement from the year ending June 30, 2022, and 2023.

GASB has issued Statement 96, Subscription-based Information technology Arrangements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

The school district will evaluate the impact that these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

II. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements

Due to differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the districtwide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

1. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

2. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:</u>

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories:

a. <u>Long-term revenue differences:</u>

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

b. <u>Capital related differences</u>:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

c. <u>Long-term debt transaction differences</u>:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

II. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements (Continued)

2. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):</u>

d. Pension differences:

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment) financed from governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually of their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets	\$39,108,674
Accumulated depreciation	10,184,621
Capital assets, net	\$28,924,053

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year end were:

Bonds payable	<u>\$12,141,880</u>
OPEB obligations	\$33,014,772
Compensated Absences	\$ 36,132

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

II. Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Statements and Districtwide Statements (Continued)

2. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):</u>

When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation of \$892,856 was more than capital expenditures of \$405,703 in the current year.

Repayment of bond principal of \$1,321,701 is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

Interest on long-term debt and short-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The interest reported in the Statement of Activities decreased by \$5,447.

III. Cash and Investments

A. Deposits

The Duanesburg Central School District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Duanesburg Central School District's monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are: obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

III. Cash and Investments (Continued)

A. <u>Deposits (Continued)</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in an event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Deposits and investments at year end were entirely covered by Federal Deposit Insurance or by collateral held by the School District's custodial bank in the School District's name.

The District did not have any investments at year end or during the year.

IV. Interfund Transaction

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Interfund			Interfund		fund	
	Receivable		Payable			Revenues	Expenditures
General Fund	\$	356,963	\$	40	\$	2,621	\$ 1,445,667
Special Aid Fund		-		353,016		15,667	2,621
School Lunch Fund		-		-		30,000	-
Capital Fund		-		3,948		1,400,000	-
Debt Service Fund		-		•		-	
Total governmental activities		356,963		357,004		1,448,288	\$ 1,448,288
Custodial Fund		41					
Totals		357,004	\$	357,004			

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to pay its' share of the Summer Handicapped Program.

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

V. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

Capital assets-not depreciated:	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2022
Land	\$ 9,000	\$ -	\$ -	9,000
Construction in progress	431,014	168,593	3 -	599,607
man to the control of the term	440.014	160.502		600 607
Total capital assets-not depreciated:	440,014	168,593		608,607
Other capital assets:				
<u> </u>				
Buildings and improvements	34,015,017	-	-	34,015,017
Machinery and equipment	1,933,554	15,231	-	1,948,785
Vehicles	2,684,265	221,879	369,879	2,536,265
Total other capital assets:	38,632,836	237,110	369,879	38,500,067
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	6,550,483	553,530	-	7,104,013
Machinery and equipment	1,406,378	99,302	-	1,505,680
Vehicles	1,647,994	240,024	313,090	1,574,928
Total accumulated depreciation	9,604,855	892,856	313,090	10,184,621
Other capital assets, net	29,027,981	(655,746)	56,789	28,315,446
Total	\$ 29,467,995	\$ (487,153)	\$ 56,789	\$ 28,924,053

Depreciation expense for the period was shown as unallocated in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans

1. General Information

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems).

2. Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

Funding Policies:

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Contributions

	ERS	TRS
2022	\$248,575	\$515,434
2021	\$242,184	\$495,149
2020	\$232,370	\$575,788

3. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following (asset)/liability for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension (asset)/liability was measured as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension (asset)/liability used to calculate the net pension (asset)/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
1-Apr-21	30-Jun-20
(\$397,467)	(\$4,996,386)
0.004862%	.028832%
.0000742%	(.001542%)
	1-Apr-21 (\$397,467) 0.004862%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District's recognized pension expense of \$45,163 for ERS and (\$258,248) for TRS. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resource Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected	ERS	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
and actual experience	\$30,101	\$688,699	\$39,042	\$25,958
Changes of assumptions	663,328	1,643,416	11,193	291,025
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	o	0	1,301,538	5,229,235
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	81,613	117,368	16,512	35,721
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	54,548	505,023	0	0
Total	\$829,590	\$2,954,506	\$1,368,285	\$5,581,939

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Year ended:		
2022	\$ -	\$ (616,780)
2023	(78,895)	(731,978)
2024	(126,282)	(952,145)
2025	(324,357)	(1,250,639)
2026	(63,710)	246,070
Thereafter	-	173,017

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

4. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

•	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	January 20, 1900
Interest rate	5.9%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.50%	1.95-5.18%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.40%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2019. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

Measurement date	<u>ERS</u> March 31, 2022	<u>TRS</u> June 30, 2021
Asset Type	%	%
Domestic Equities	32%	33%
International Equities	15%	16%
Global equities	0%	4%
Private Equity	10%	8%
Real Estate Equity	9%	11%
Domestic fixed income securities	23%	16%
Global bonds	0%	2%
Private debt	4%	1%
Absolute return strategies	3%	0%
Real estate debt	0%	7%
Cash Equivalents	1%	1%
High yield fixed income securities	0%	1%
Real assets	3%	0%

5. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95 % for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

6. <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset/Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.9% or ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(4.9%)	(5.9%)	<u>(6.9%)</u>
Employer's proportionate share Of the net pension (asset) liability	\$1,023,076	(\$397,467)	(\$1,585,683)
TRS	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share Of the net pension (asset) liability	(\$524,298)	(\$4,996,386)	(\$8,754,851)

7. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension (asset)/liability of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 223,874,888 \$	130,819,415,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	232,049,473	148,148,457,363
Employers' net pension liability/(asset)	(8,174,585)	(17,329,041,946)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of total pension (asset)/liability	103.6500%	113.2000%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VI. Pension Plans (Continued)

8. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$54,548.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2022 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$565,882.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

1. Long-Term Debt Interest

Interest paid	\$600,166
Less interest accrued in the prior year Plus, interest accrued in the current year	(47,059) 41,612
Total expense	\$ 594,719

2. Changes

	Balance					Balance	Γ	Due Within
	7/1/2021	A	dditions		Deletions	6/30/2022	4	One Year
Serial Bonds	\$ 13,241,701	\$	221,880	\$	1,321,701	\$ 12,141,880	\$	1,361,880
Compensated								
Absences	30,596		5,536		-	36,132		
OPEB Obligations	40,237,145		-		7,222,373	33,014,772		
Net Pension Liability-								
Proportionate Share	844,095				844,095			
Totals	\$ 54,353,537	\$	227,416	\$	9,388,169	\$ 45,192,784		
1 Otais	φ υπ,υυυ,υυ/	<u> </u>	4410	<u> </u>	9,300,109	J 43,192,704		

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VII. Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

3. Maturity

a. The following is a summary of the debt issued:

	Issue	Final	Interest	O	utstanding
Purpose	Date	Maturity	Rate		5/30/2022
Serial Bonds:				_	
Advanced refunding	2012	2025	2-4%	\$	1,160,000
Construction	2014	2028	3.5-5.25%		280,000
Construction	2018	2033	5.00%		9,935,000
Buses	2019	2024	.5-4.03%		100,000
Buses	2022	2027	3.25-3.5%		221,880
Buses	2021	2026	1.30%		225,000
Buses	2018	2023	2.7-3.9%		50,000
Buses	2020	2025	2.25%		170,000
Total				\$	12,141,880

b. The following is a summary of maturing principal debt service requirements:

	Year	Principal	 Interest	 Total
Serial Bonds:	2023	\$ 1,361,880	\$ 560,038	\$ 1,921,918
	2024	1,260,000	509,575	1,769,575
	2025	1,270,000	456,428	1,726,428
	2026	1,260,000	399,828	1,659,828
	2027	965,000	347,975	1,312,975
	2028 and thereafter	6,025,000	1,051,175	7,076,175
	Total	\$ 12,141,880	\$ 3,325,019	\$ 15,466,899

Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain general obligation bonds were defeased by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the liability for the defeased bonds and the trust account assets are not included in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VIII. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description- The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided- The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms- At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	95
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active members	<u>126</u>
Total membership	221

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$33,014,772 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs- The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VIII. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (Continued)

B. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases varied by years of service and retirement system

membership

Discount Rate 3.54%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.7% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.04%

by 2075

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Headcount-Weighted Table projected fully generationally using MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010-March 31, 2015.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	<u>\$40,237,145</u>
Changes for the Year	
Service cost	1,912,322
Interest	901,875
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	17,393
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(9,257,753)
Benefit payments	(796,210)
Net Changes	(7,222,373)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$33,014,772

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VIII. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (Continued)

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% in 2021 to 3.54% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate- The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	(2.54%)	Discount	(4.54%)
	1% Decrease	Rate (3.54%)	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$39,314,923</u>	<u>\$33,014,772</u>	<u>\$27,900,583</u>

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates—The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare		
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 27,008,732	\$ 33,014,772	\$ 40,948,406	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

VIII. Postemployment (Health Insurance) Benefits (Continued)

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,231,579. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 439,931	(\$ 60,469)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	<u>6,667,577</u>	(9,394,114)
Total	<u>\$7,107,508</u>	(\$9,454,583)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 213,592
2024	218,512
2025	385,029
2026	(318,180)
2027	(1,525,974)
Thereafter	(1,320,054)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

IX. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

1. General Information

The Duanesburg Central School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

2. Grants

The School District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal government. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the School District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

X. Other Disclosures

A. Summary of Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total governmental fund balance	\$ 12,065,335
Capital assets (net)	28,924,053
Net pension asset- proportionate share	5,393,853
Deferred outflows of resources	10,891,604
Bonds payable	(12,141,880)
Accrued interest payable	(41,612)
Deferred inflows of resources	(16,404,807)
Compensated absences	(36,132)
OPEB obligations	 (33,014,772)
Total net position	\$ (4,364,358)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Other Disclosures (Continued)

X.

B. Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities

Net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$1,642,923
Capital outlays are expenditures in governmental funds, but are capitalized in the Statement of Net Position	405,703
Depreciation is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the Statement of Activities	(892,856)
Loss on disposal of assets	(56,789)
Repayments of Long-term Debt are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are recorded as payments of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	1,321,701
Interest is recognized as an expense in governmental funds when paid. For governmental activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues. The decrease in accrued interest during 2021/22 results in less expense.	5,447
Proceeds from debt are recognized as revenue in the Governmental Funds, but not in the Statement of Activities	(221,880)
(Increases) Decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as reven or expenditures in the governmental funds:	ues
Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System	763,528 184,177
Certain expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
OPEB obligations Compensated absences	(2,231,579) (5,536)

\$ 914,839

Change in Net Position – Governmental Activities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

XI. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

1. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (When permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

The General Fund budget was increased to reflect the carryover encumbrances from 2020-21 in the amount of \$261,228 and for the use of fund balance to fund a Capital Project in the amount of \$1,400,000.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Special Aid Fund and School Lunch Fund have not been included because they do not have legally authorized budgets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

XI. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

A. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

2. Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

XII. Subsequent Events

There were no significant events to report from July 1, 2022 to September 23, 2022.

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET- GENERAL FUND For Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		F	Variance Pavorable nfavorable)
Local Sources								
Real property taxes	\$	7,587,755	\$	7,587,755	\$	7,585,953	\$	(1.800)
Other tax items	Ф	806,611	Ф	806,611	Φ	811,702	Ф	(1,802) 5,091
Charges for services		000,011		500,011		191,848		191,848
Use of money and property		11,000		11,000		3,264		(7,736)
Sale of property and		11,000		11,000		3,204		(7,730)
compensation for loss		-		_		13,972		13,972
Miscellaneous		180,500		180,500		392,871		212,371
				· · · · · ·				
Total Local Sources		8,585,866		8,585,866		8,999,610		413,744
State Sources		8,389,265		8,389,265		8,298,675		(90,590)
Federal Sources		25,000		25,000		44,636		19,636
Total Revenues		17,000,131		17,000,131		17,342,921		342,790
Other Financing Sources								
Operating Transfers in				•		2,621		2,621
Total Revenues and Other Financing								
Sources		17,000,131		17,000,131	_	17,345,542	\$	345,411
Appropriated Fund Balance		884,869		2,284,869				
Appropriated Reserves		-		261,228				
Total Revenues, Other Financing Sources, Appropriated Fund Balance and Reserves	\$	17,885,000	\$	19,546,228				

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, OTHER USES AND ENCUMBRANCES COMPARED TO BUDGET-GENERAL FUND

For Year Ended June 30, 2022

EVENDATA		Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	Enc	cumbrances	1	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
EXPENDITURES Consort Surveyed									
General Support	•	20.550	•	10.000		_			
Board of education	\$	38,550	\$	42,272	\$ 31,421	\$	38	\$	10,813
Central administration Finance		197,000		200,136	197,106		-		3,030
Staff		357,123		353,690	317,444		-		36,246
		176,117		181,617	146,636		-		34,981
Central services		1,403,977		1,902,031	1,189,235		479,259		233,537
Special items		164,250		164,250	 141,500		•		22,750
Total General Support		2,337,017		2,843,996	 2,023,342		479,297		341,357
Instruction									
Instruction, administration and improvement		564,207		634,521	475,935		-		158,586
Teaching - regular school		4,219,401		4,141,847	3,891,806		23,747		226,294
Programs for children with handicapping		•		, ,	-,,		,		
conditions		2,199,787		1,889,470	1,764,338		_		125,132
Occupational education		337,687		309,687	298,885		-		10,802
Instructional media		661,921		879,307	709,836		131,689		37,782
Pupil services		885,162		931,955	760,782		78,239		92,934
Total Instructional		8,868,165		8,786,787	 7,901,582		233,675		651,530
Pupil transportation		1,108,214		1,108,214	928,649		2,999		176,566
Employee benefits		3,590,243		3,425,870	3,187,514		_,,,,,		238,356
Debt service		, ,		,	.,,.				250,550
Principal		1,321,000		1,321,701	1,321,701		-		_
Interest		605,361		604,660	600,166		_		4,494
Total Expenditures	1	7,830,000		18,091,228	 15,962,954		715,971		1,412,303
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Operating transfers out		55,000		1,455,000	 1,445,667		-		9,333
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 1	7,885,000	_\$_	19,546,228	 17,408,621	\$	715,971	\$	1,421,636
Net change in fund balance					(63,079)				
Fund balance- Beginning				•	 9,877,058				
Fund balance- Ending					\$ 9,813,979				

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY For Year Ended June 30, 2022

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost at end of year	89	1,912,322	↔	1,973,867	↔	1,290,282	↔	610,891
Interest		901,875		909,450		1,066,377		925,577
Changes of benefit terms		•		ı		•		1
Difference between expected								
and actual experience		17,393		127,894		(105,823)		778,563
Changes of assumptions or						•		
other inputs		(9,257,753)		(1,569,331)		8,560,317		4,143,918
Benefit payments		(796,210)		(760,741)		(686,027)		(661,505)
Net change in Total OPEB								
Liability		(7,222,373)		681,139		10,125,126		5,797,444
Total OPEB Liability-beginning		40,237,145		39,556,006		29,430,880		23,633,436
Total OPEB Liability- ending	S	33,014,772	S	40,237,145	8	39,556,006	S	29,430,880
Covered-employee payroll		5,993,949		6,017,840		6,764,407		6,082,993
Total OPEB Liability as a								
percentage of covered-employee								
payroll		250.80%		%09:899		584.80%		483.80%

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY June 30, 2022

70, 2022

	Teach	Teachers' Retirement System	stem			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability	.028832%	.030374%	.030501%	.030562%	.029797%	.032619%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	\$ (4,996,386)	\$ 839,327	\$ (792,425)	\$ (552,648)	\$ (226,489)	\$ 349,368
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,153,293	\$ 4,893,790	\$ 5,155,499	\$ 5,121,968	\$ 5,024,853	\$ 4,829,091
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	96.37%	17.15%	15.37%	10.79%	4.50%	7.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	113.20%	%08.26	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	%10.66
	Emplo	Employees' Retirement System	vstem			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District 's proportion of the net pension liability	.0048622%	.0047884%	.004867%	.0050447%	.0056667%	.0056667%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ (397,467)	\$ 4,768	\$ 1,288,807	\$ 357,434	\$ 182,891	\$ 182,891
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,795,549	\$ 1,724,946	\$ 1,677,633	\$ 1,671,073	\$ 1,671,451	\$ 1,671,451
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	22.14%	0.28%	76.82%	21.39%	10.94%	10.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.65%	%56.66	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	98.24%

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2022

ı		

			Tec	Teachers' Retirement System	remer	ıt System					
		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	69	505,023	⇔	466,378	€9	456,777	€9	540,681	\$ 492,436	\$9	597,785
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		505,023		466,378		456,777		540,681	492,436	اء	597,785
Contribution deficiency (excess)	8	•	S	•	8	•	8	•	€5	- ∥-	•
District's covered-employee payroll	69	5,153,293	8	4,893,790	€5	5,155,499	⇔	5,121,968	\$ 5,024,853	 	4,829,091
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		%08.6	-	9.53%		8.86%		10.6%	9.8%		12.4%
			Emp	Employees' Retirement System	ireme	nt System					
		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018	- 1	2017
Contractually required contribution	↔	248,575	€9	242,184	€3	232,370	€	236,242	\$ 245,073	64	226,756
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		248,575	ł	242,184		232,370		236,242	245,073	 	226,756
Contribution deficiency (excess)	>	•	₩	١	80	•	ક્ક	(89	-	•
District's covered-employee payroll	€9	1,795,549	89	\$ 1,724,946	ss.	1,677,633	69	1,671,073	\$ 1,671,451	ı,	\$ 1,695,680
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-	13.84%	-	14.04%	_	13.85%		14.1%	14.7%		13.4%

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT

For Year Ended June 30, 2022

CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Original Budget			\$	17,885,000		
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances	\$	261,22	8			
Appropriated fund balance for capital project		1,400,000	<u> </u>	1,661,228		
Final Budget			\$	19,546,228	:	
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMI	T CAI	LCULATIO	ON			
2022-23 Voter-approved Expenditure Budget					\$	18,600,000
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 Budget)					\$	744,000
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Rea	al Prop	erty Tax La	w*:			
Unrestricted fund balance:						
Committed fund balance			\$	-		
Assigned fund balance				1,641,797		
Unassigned fund balance				744,000		
Total unrestricted fund balance			\$	2,385,797		
Less:						
Appropriated fund balance				925,826		
Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fu	nd hala	nce		715,971		
Total adjustments	iia vulu		\$	1,641,797	•	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 131	8 of Re	eal Property	Tax La	ıw		744,000
Actual percentage						4.00%

^{*} Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund Fund Balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES- CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Smart Schools Bond Act Buses-21-22 Elementary School-Paving PROJECT TITLE

	nce	022		_	192	080	273	
	Fund Balance	June 30, 202,			113,192	1,305,	1,418,273	
	Fur	Jun		69			₩	
		Total		504,689	335,071	1,400,000	2,239,760	
				69			ام	
	State	Sources		\$ 504,689	•	•	\$ 504,689	
					=	0	-	
of Financing	Local	Sources		S	113,19	1,400,00	\$ 1,513,191	
Methods o	Proceeds of	Obligations		•	221,880	•	221,880	
	-			69			∞	
	Unexpended	Balance		157,229	122,693	1,305,080	1,585,002	
	ח			₩			∞∥	
		Total		504,688	221,879	94,920	821,487	
		i		69			∽	
Expenditures	Current	Year		73,673	221,879	94,920	390,472	
Ĥ				S			₩.	
	Prior	Years		431,015	٠	٠	\$ 431,015	
				∽				
	Revised	Budget		661,917	344,572	1,400,000	2,406,489	
				69			8	
	Original	Budget		661,917	344,572	1,400,000	\$ 2,406,489 \$ 2,406,489	
				e٩			∽	

DUANESBURG CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Capital assets, net \$ 28,924,053

Deduct:

Short-term portion of bonds payable \$ 1,361,880
Long-term portion of bonds payable 10,780,000
Less: unspent portion of bond proceeds (113,192) 12,028,688

Net investment in capital assets \$ 16,895,365

RAYMOND G. PREUSSER, CPA, P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Duanesburg Central School District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Duanesburg Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Duanesburg Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Duanesburg Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Duanesburg Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Duanesburg Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Claverack, New York

Raymond G. Preusser, CPA, P.C.